



The impact of Hydrogen-fired Gas Turbines on HRSGs

IGTC 2023 Technical Session 2: Product sustainability, performance & reliability

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NEM Energy B.V. History and current locations



Established
in **1929**



Various acquisitions
1996 - 2001



2014 NEM opens
new HQ in the
Netherlands

2022 Siemens Energy HTT
becomes NEM Energy B.V.



Boilers since
1936

HRSGs since
1960s

2010 NEM
Germany opens
new office

2011 Siemens
Acquires NEM
(name change in 2018)

2015 Largest CCPP
contract ever (14.4 GW)

2023 NEM acquires
Balcke Duerr



SIEMENS



**BALCKE
DÜRR**

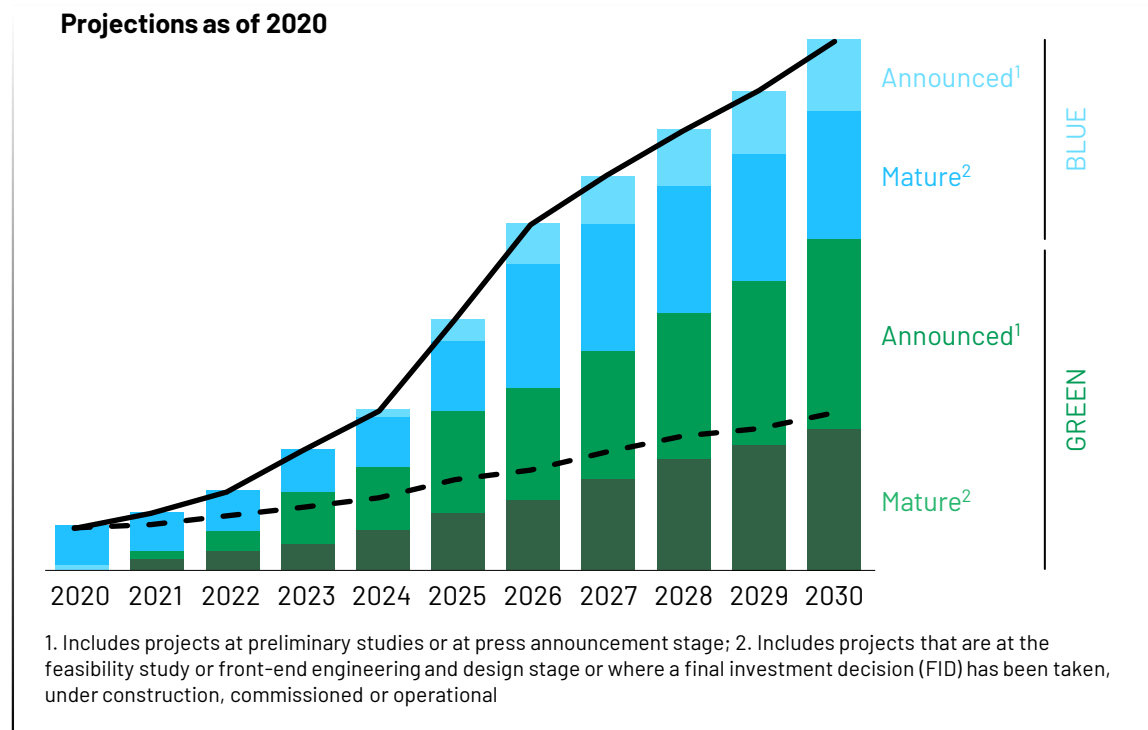
Strong growth expected in Hydrogen production



Announced clean Hydrogen capacity through 2030

Production capacity

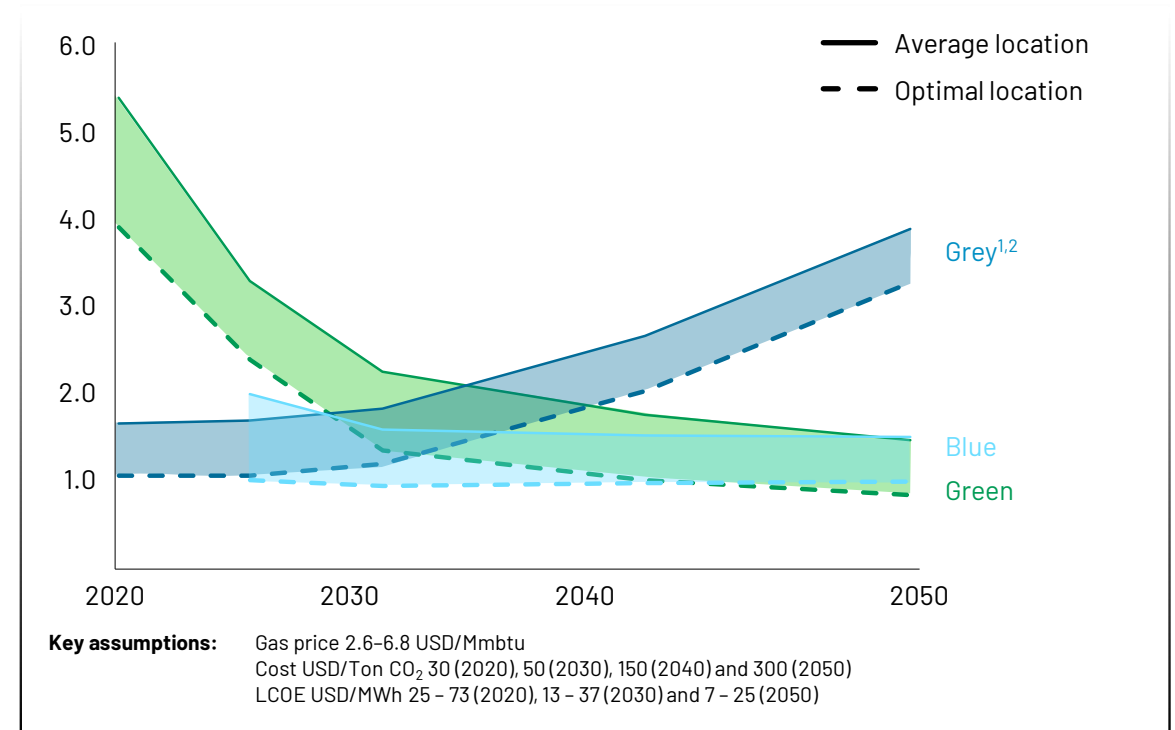
Mt p.a.



Hydrogen production pathways, including carbon costs

Production cost of hydrogen

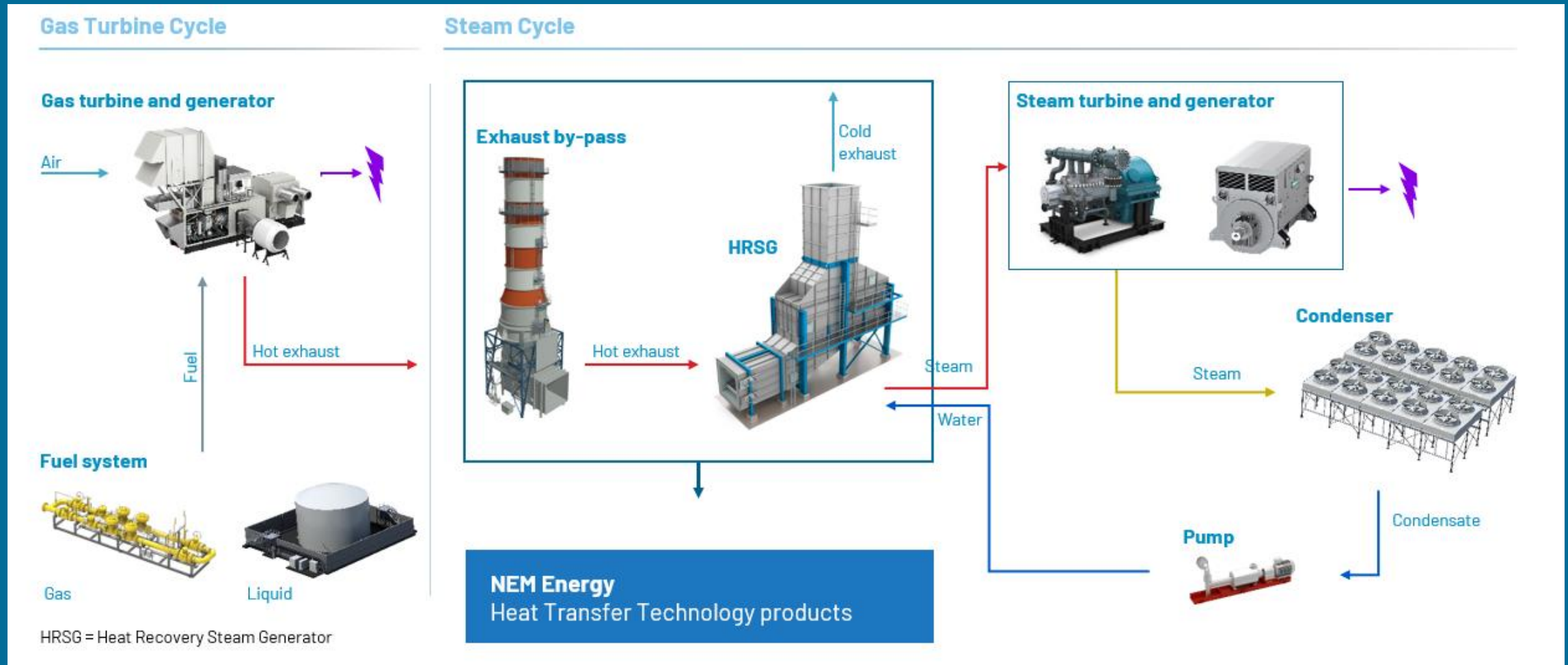
USD/kg



Source: Hydrogen Council, McKinsey "Hydrogen insights report 2021"

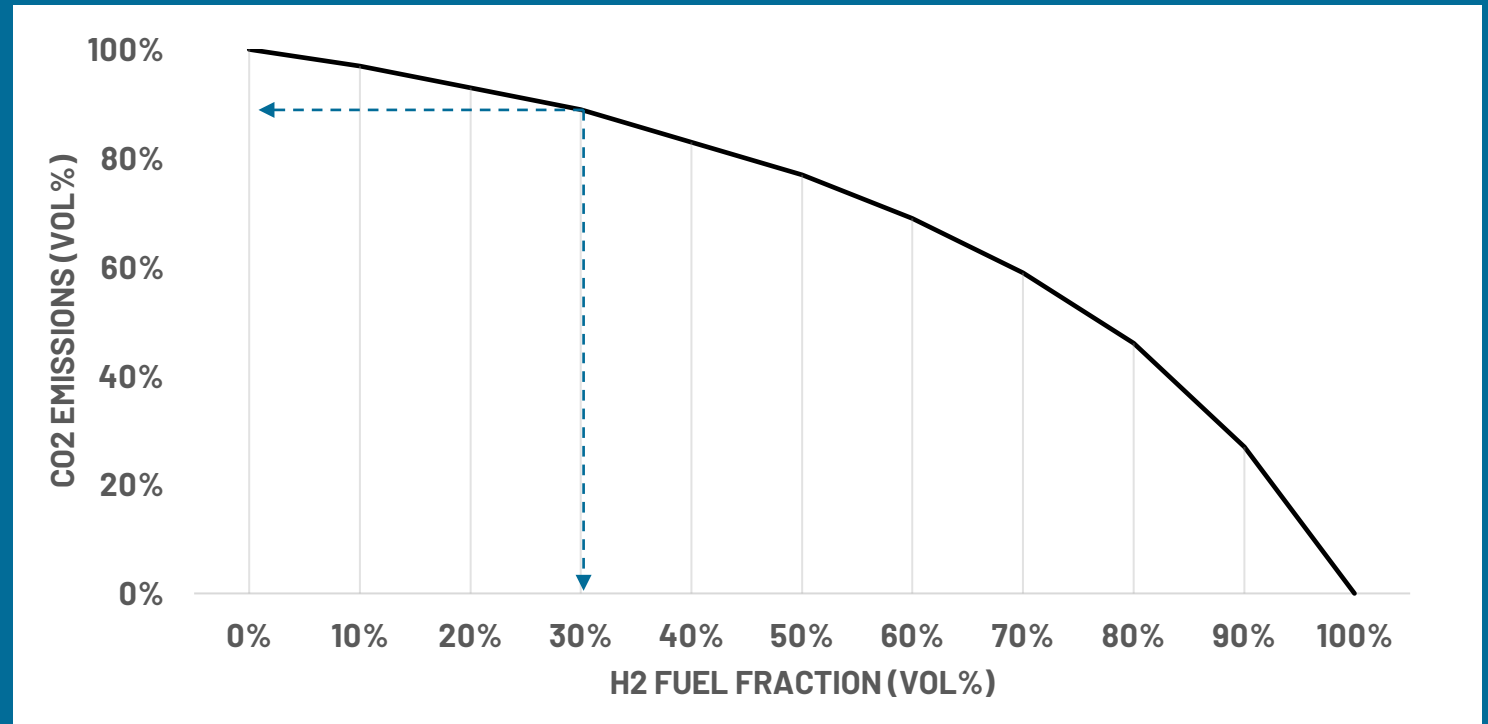
Hydrogen in CCPP's

The Gas Turbines are being made 'Hydrogen-Ready', but what does it mean for the HRSGs?



Physics of Hydrogen

- Expressed as volume percent (%) in the industry
- High mass-related heating value (LHV) of 120MJ/kg (2.4 times higher than Methane).
- Very low density, 8 times lower than Methane.
- Tendency to reduce ductility in carbon or low-grade steel – hydrogen embrittlement
- A blend of Natural Gas (NG) with 30% H₂ delivers about 11% CO₂ reduction



Hydrogen use in GTs impacts 5 HRSG aspects



1

Safety

Hydrogen has a wider explosion range and lower ignition energy compared to natural gas

2

Exhaust

Exhaust gas volume and temperature

3

Emissions

Potentially dealing with higher NOx content

4

Condensation

Higher water content and varying dew point

5

Supplementary firing system

Fuel supply and flame behavior

Impact of Hydrogen usage on HRSGs

1 Safety

H2 has:

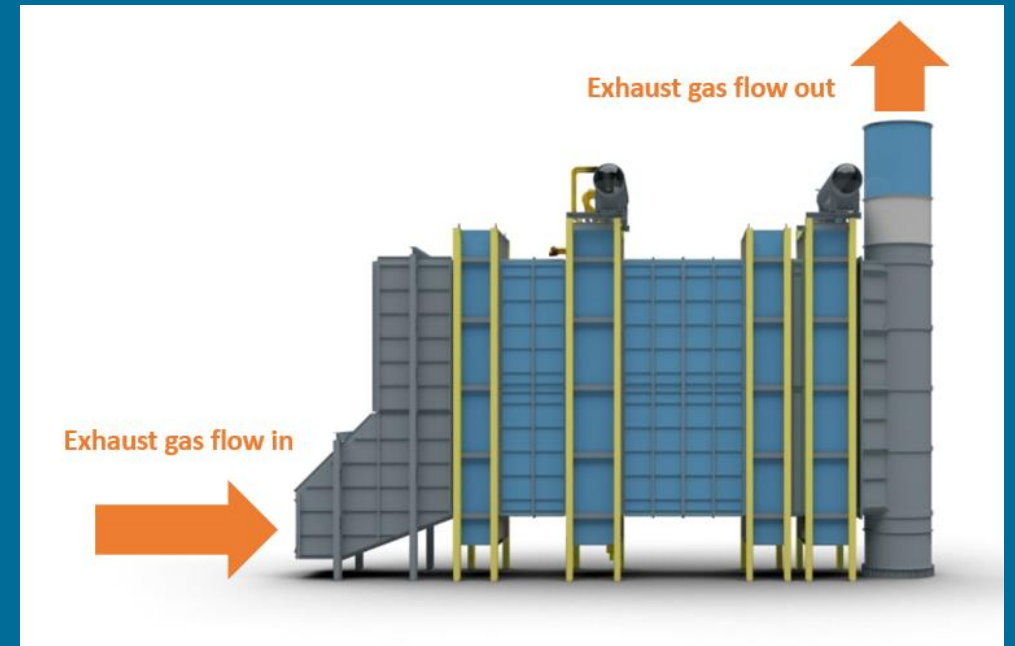
- Wider explosion range and lower ignition energy compared to NG.
- Similar auto-ignition temperature as NG.
- Same accumulation pattern as for NG is expected, since the density of both gases is much lower than that of air.
- For NG, explosion protection measures such as purging (according to recognized standards such as NFPA 85) are implemented.
- For H2 co-firing, explosion protection measures to be evaluated on a case-by-case basis, depending on factors such as HRSG type (vertical/horizontal).



2

Exhaust

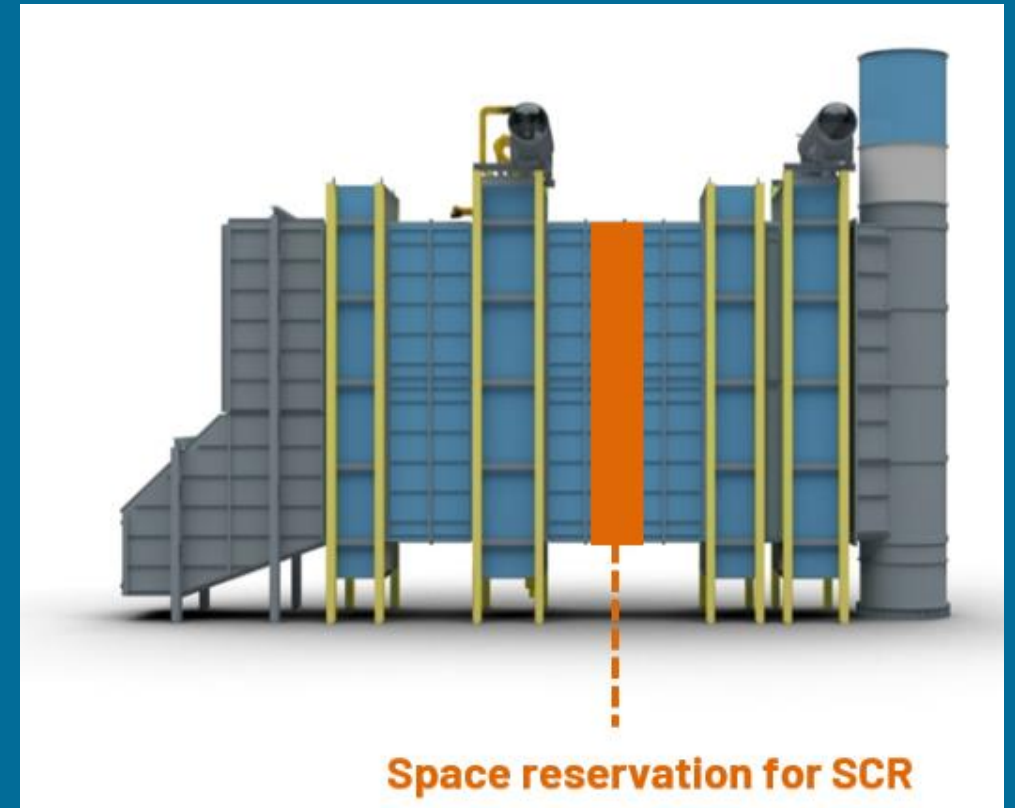
- Increased exhaust gas volumetric flow and higher temperature compared to NG.
- HRSG design adaptation: avoid exceeding the max allowed GT backpressure and overheating of pressure parts.



3

Emissions

- Like to result in higher NO_x (Nitrogen oxides) emissions compared to NG.
- When no SCR system is installed, an empty spool duct could reserve space for installation at a later stage.
- When a SCR system is installed, potentially more space needs to be considered to fit a future H₂-Ready SCR system.



4

Condensation

- Higher water content in the exhaust.
- Water dew point increases as a function of H₂ content in the blend, especially above 50%.
- In most cases it can be handled with FW recirculation by increasing the MWT setpoint.
- For of a fuel blend with a significant sulfur content, also the acid dew point plays a role.

'Cold' end of the HRSG, where condensation can take place

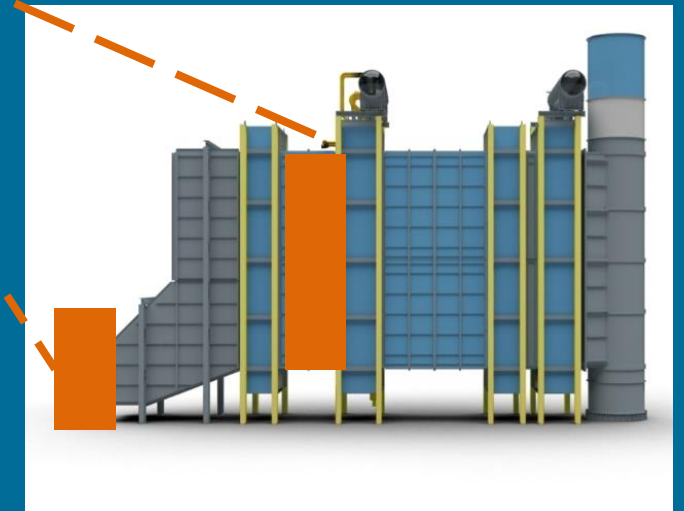
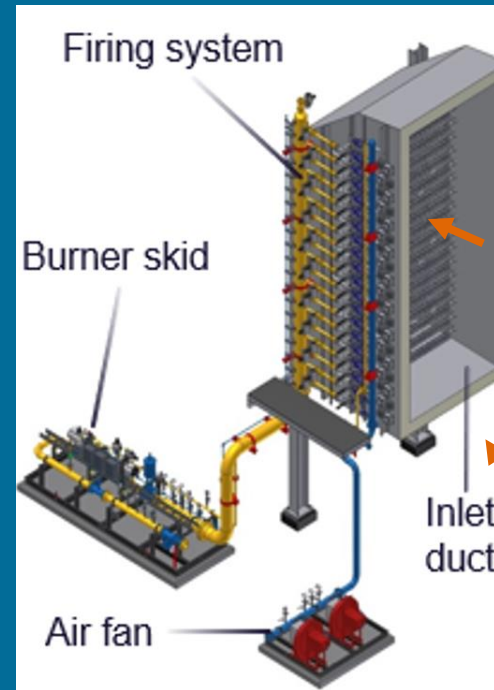


		NG	30% H ₂	100% H ₂
H₂O content	Vol%	10.3	10.7	16.7
Dew point	°C	47	48	57
HRSG MWT	°C	x	x+1	X+10

5

Supplementary firing

- Possible in supplementary firing (burner) systems.
- For new installations, burner design shall consider the difference in LHV and supply pressure between H₂ and NG.
- Special provisions may be required to make an existing burner H₂-Ready.

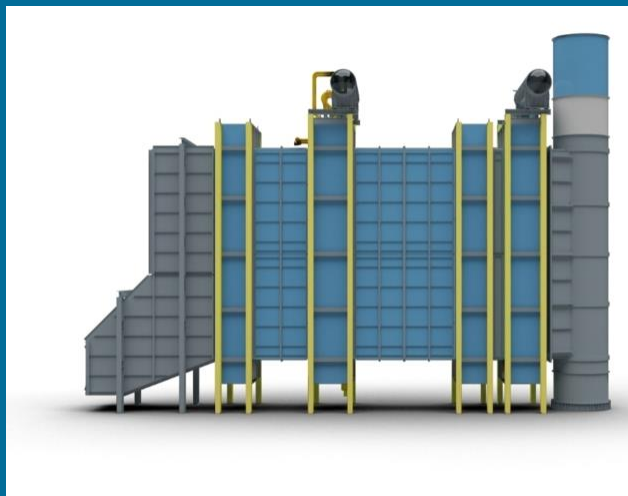


Typical duct burner locations

“H₂-Ready” HRSGs can reduce future H₂ retrofit costs

Hydrogen readiness is key to new combined cycle power plants (CCPPs) and **HRSGs**

- While keeping front-end investments low, the installation can already be prepared to be able to cope with H₂ operations at a later stage
- Depending on H₂ co-firing time roadmap and requirements, optimized equipment configurations will be offered
- NEM Energy BV is awarded the ‘H₂- readiness concept certificate’ by TÜV SÜD.



Areas:

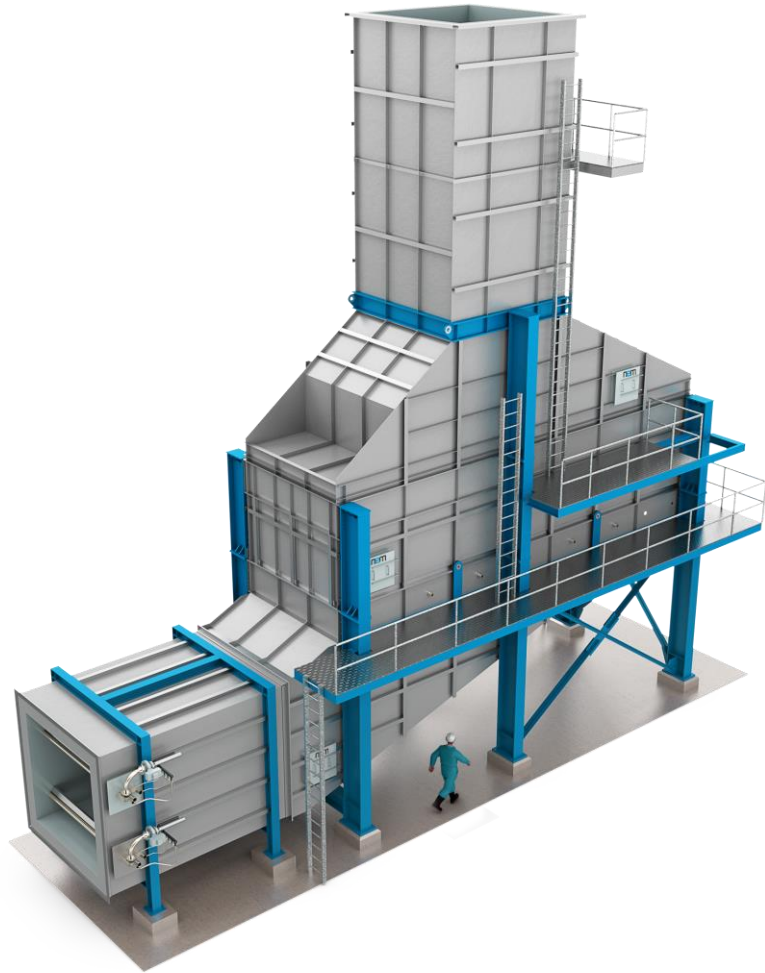
Fuel Supply:
 Fire/Ex Protection:
HRSG:
 I&C & Electrical:
 Safety:
Certification:

Components considered:

Materials, sizing, aux. fuel, metering, additional systems...
 Fire/Ex protection concepts, sizing of systems
Materials, temperatures, Emission control
 Design acc. to IIC
 Safety Integrity Levels definition and design
Certification by independent third-party

HRSG as part of a plant certification or as independent component

NEM Energy is ready for Hydrogen



1 **Hydrogen will be an important part of the future power generation industry.**

2 The **HRSG is impacted** by firing hydrogen in the gas turbine and there are **various challenges to be considered.**

3 The HRSG can be made **Hydrogen-Ready** in the design phase to **minimize impacts** when shifting to Hydrogen in a later stage.

4 **NEM Energy offers Heat Recovery** products behind GTs to **support the Hydrogen roadmap** for both existing and new build applications.

Thank you for your interest and attention! Let's keep in contact.



Together, we make energy more efficient!



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