

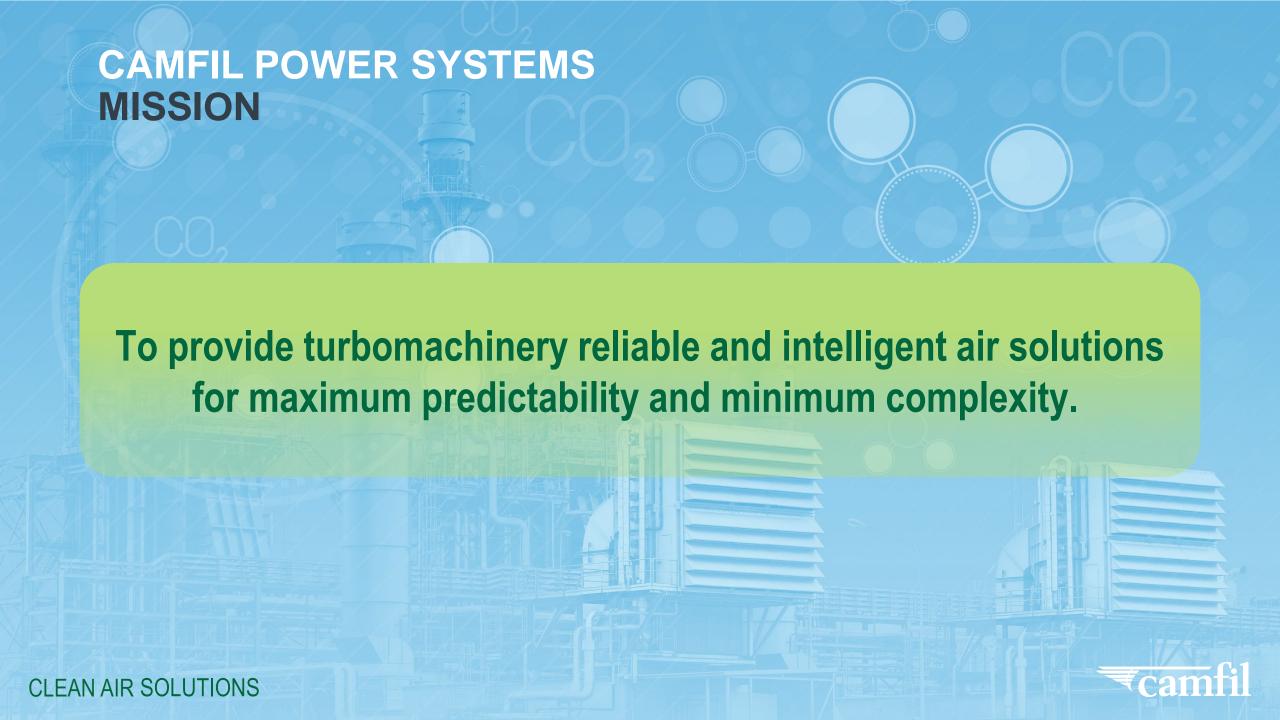
### THE CAMFIL GROUP

Air Filtration Solutions
A vital contributor to the Energy Transition

ETN 12th of October 2022







### **POWER SYSTEMS**

### PROTECTING TURBOMACHINERY VIA HEAVY-DUTY FILTRATION AND NOISE CONTROL EQUIPMENT

#### **Power Generation**



Utility power groups
Independent power producers

### Oil & Gas



Offshore installations
FPSOs
Refinery and pipeline compressor stations

### **Process**



Gas production
Large industries
Public sector; transport, hospitals



### **AGENDA**

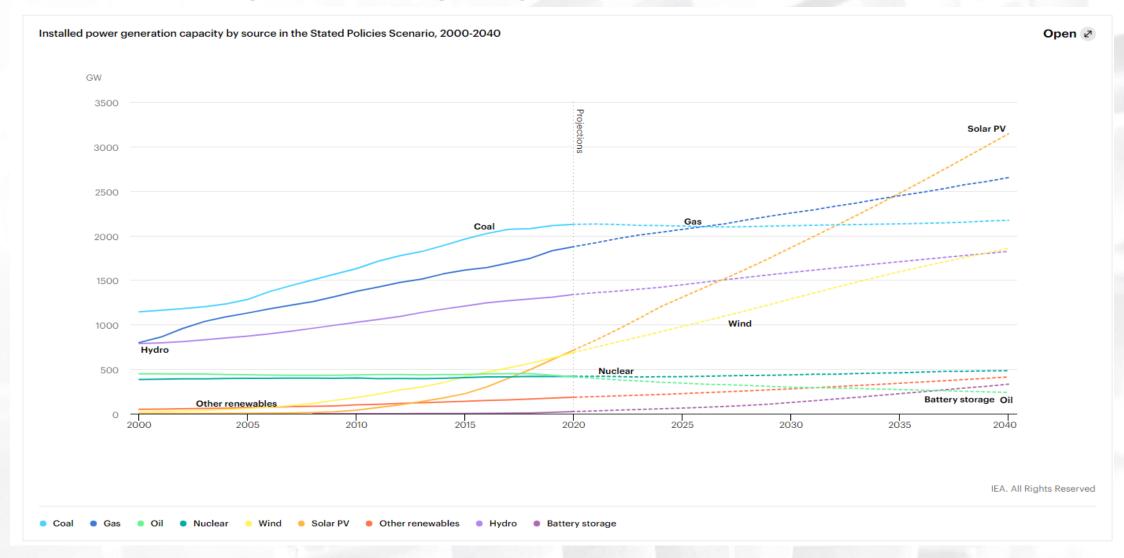
- THE ENERGY TRANSITION
- How air inlet filters reduce CO<sub>2</sub> impact and fuel cost!
- What are the filter characteristics you need to look out for?
- Tools and Services: Boost To Reduce, The Value Rating and PowerEye
- Q&A



### THE ENERGY TRANSITION

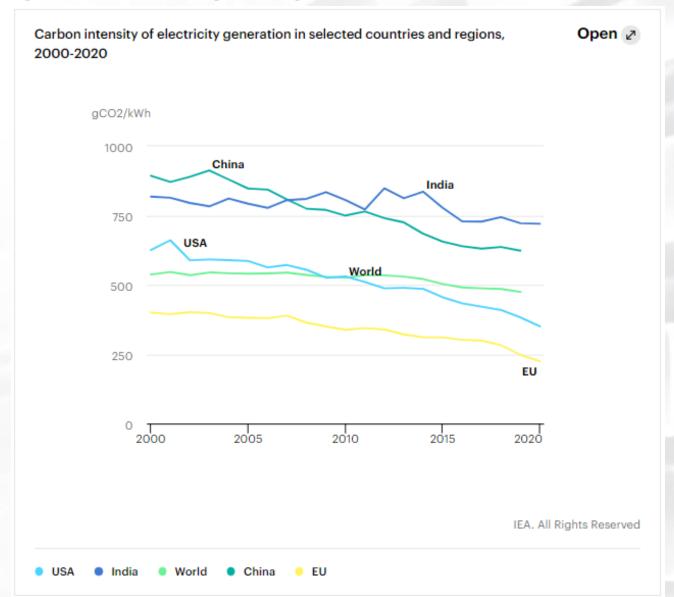


### THE ENERGY TRANSITION





### THE ENERGY TRANSITION





## DRIVERS FOR CUTTING YOUR CARBON FOOTPRINT

Greener corporate image

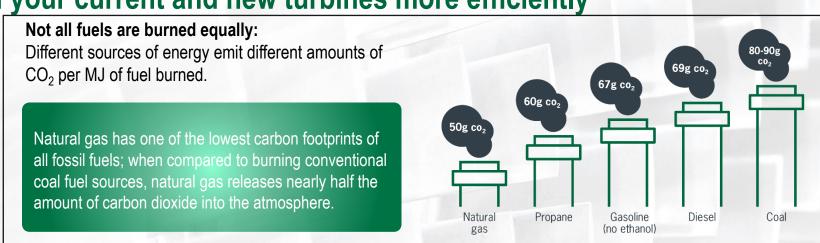
Increased regulations/taxes

It's the right thing to do

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## METHODS OF CUTTING CO<sub>2</sub>

- Carbon capture
- Generate less carbon by using fuel with less carbon content THE HYDROGEN FUTURE
  - Race to enable Gas turbines to operate with 100% H<sub>2</sub>
- Burn your current fuel more efficiently
  - Use more efficient turbines
  - Run your current and new turbines more efficiently





## BETTER FILTRATION MEANS BETTER ENGINE PERFORMANCE





## BETTER FILTRATION MEANS BETTER ENGINE PERFORMANCE

Less fouling & corrosion



Lower & stable dP



Less
expensive
Hydrogen
fuel burnt
per MWh



### HOW AIR INLET FILTERS REDUCE CO<sub>2</sub> IMPACT AND FUEL COST



## IMPACT OF FUEL CONSUMPTION ON CO, OUTPUT

How much  $CO_2$  is released when 1kg natural gas (~95% methane) is burned?

$$CH_4 + 2 O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2H_2O + Heat$$

1 kg methane + 4 kg oxygen

2.75 kg carbon dioxide + 2.25 kg water



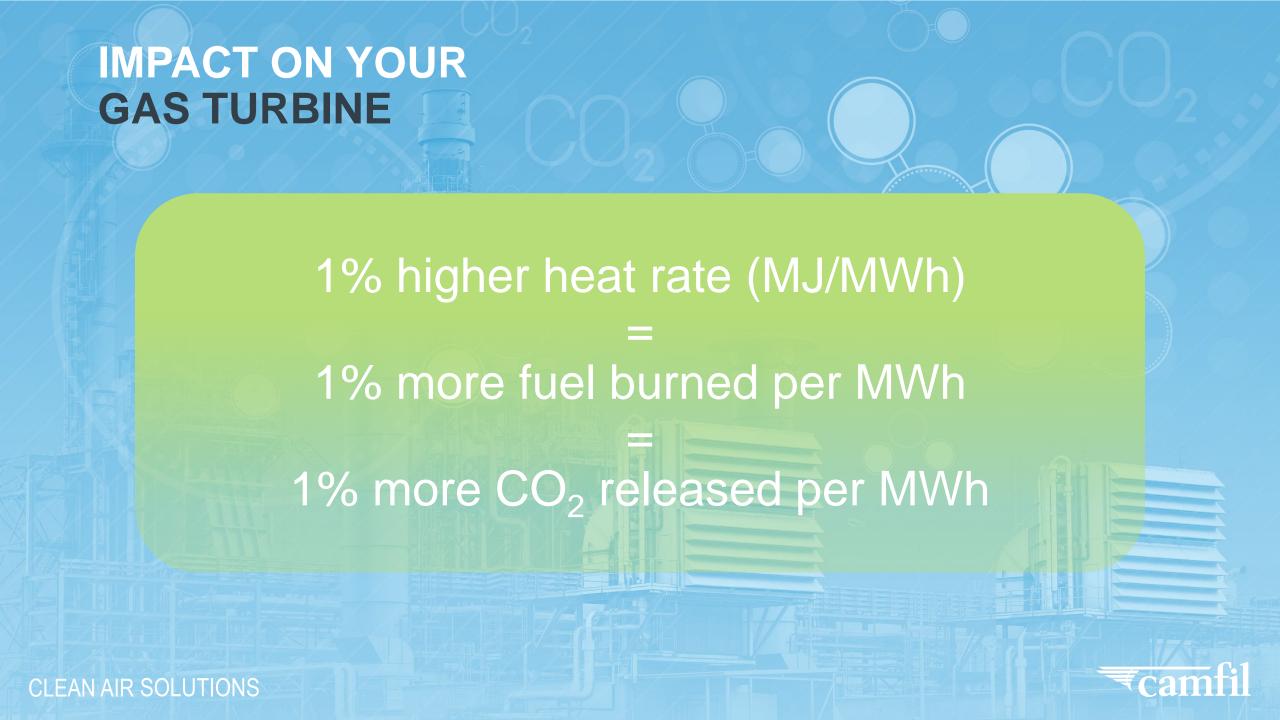
## ROLE OF AIR FILTRATION ON YOUR GAS TURBINE

Particle buildup on gas turbines cause fouling

Fouled engines:

- Operate less efficiently
- Power output decreases
  - Heat rate increases





## EFFECT OF FOULING ON YOUR GAS TURBINE PERFORMANCE

Final filter class (ISO29461-1)	Yearly change in power output (%)*	Yearly change in heat rate (%)**
Т8	-4.8%	+2.4%
T11	-0.8%	+0.4%
Improvement:	+4.0%	-2.0%

Heat rate increase typically 40-60% of power output decrease \*\*



<sup>\*</sup> Schirmeister, Ulf, and Frederick Mohr. "Impact of Enhanced GT Air Filtration on Power Output and Compressor Efficiency Degradation." Volume 3: Coal, Biomass and Alternative Fuels; Cycle Innovations; Electric Power; Industrial and Cogeneration; Organic Rankine Cycle Power Systems, 2016, doi:10.1115/gt2016-56292.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Meher-Homji, Cyrus B., et al. "The Fouling of Axial Flow Compressors: Causes, Effects, Susceptibility, and Sensitivity." *Volume 4: Cycle Innovations; Industrial and Cogeneration; Manufacturing Materials and Metallurgy; Marine*, Jan. 2009, doi:10.1115/gt2009-59239.

## IMPACT OF FOULING ON YOUR CARBON FOOTPRINT AND FUEL BILL

T8 to T11 upgrade: +4% power capacity; -2% heat rate

### Full load, per turbine:

- Power output ↑ 4%
- Heat rate ↓ 2%
- Fuel consumed ↓ 2% per MWh
- CO₂ released ↓ 2% per MWh

### Part load, per turbine:

- Power output unchanged
- Heat rate ↓ 2%
- Fuel consumed ↓ 2% per MWh
- CO₂ released ↓ 2% per MWh



## IMPACT OF FOULING REDUCTION CARBON FOOTPRINT

T8 to T11 upgrade: +4% power capacity; -2% heat rate

### **Assume Gas turbine operations**

- 2000 TWh electricity produced
- ~774 million metric tonnes CO<sub>2</sub> output\*
   Potential savings (2%)
- ~15 million metric tonnes CO<sub>2</sub> per year
- ~7.5 kg less CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh produced
- ~2.7 kg less Fuel used per MWh produced



## WHAT ARE THE FILTER CHARACTERISTICS YOU NEED TO LOOK OUT FOR?



## 3 FILTER FEATURES TO CONSIDER

**EPA** grade efficiency

Hydrophobic filter construction

Low and stable pressure drop



## ADDITIONAL IMPACT ON OPERATIONS

## Increased availability

Less water washes Fewer filter changes Longer part life

## Increased reliability

Less degradation
Lower risk of turbine trip
Meet output demands

## Greater profitability

Higher output
Lower OPEX
Less taxes per MWh



### TOOLS AND SERVICES

www.BoostToReduce.com

www.TheValueRating.com

www.Camfil.com/PowerEye

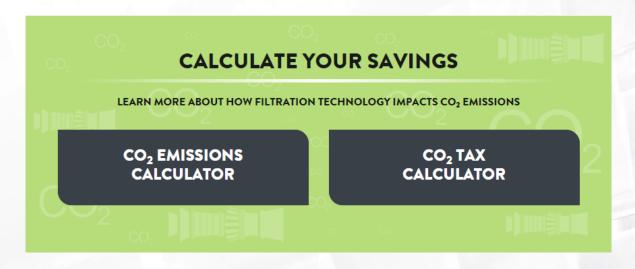


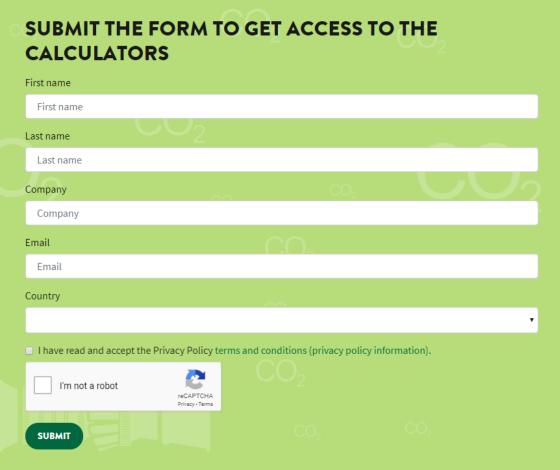


Upgrade GT Filtration to Slash CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions



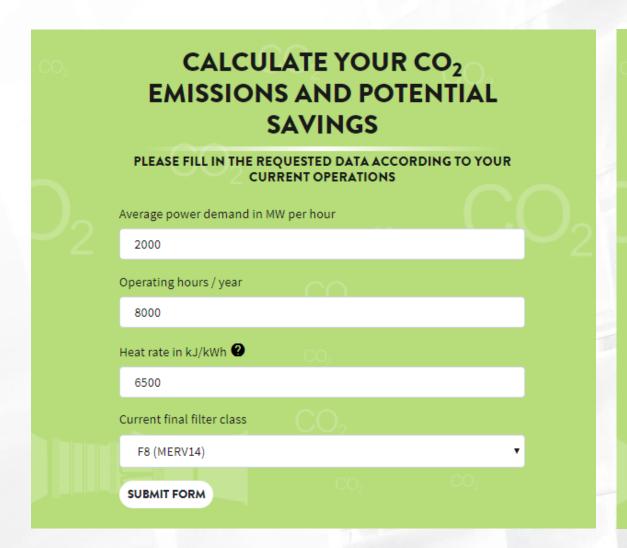
### www.BoostToReduce.com







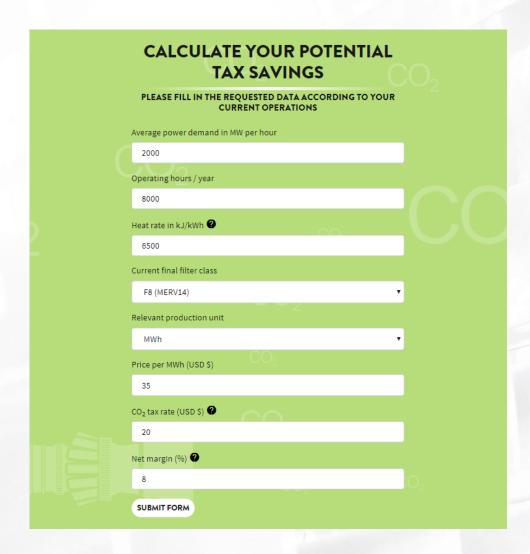
### CO<sub>2</sub> EMISSIONS CALCULATOR



◀◀ Make another calculation RESULT With your current F8 solution, you emit 88 413 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub> per year as a result of fouling. With an upgraded solution, you would be able to reduce emissions by **78 473** tonnes while producing the same 16 000 000 MWh per year. CONTACT US TO KNOW MORE **CONTACT US** \* This calculator indicates how filtration has an impact on CO2 emissions based on a fixed amount of MWh produced per year. \* This comparison is based on upgrading your current filter class to a high grade EPA filter solution. Depending on a filter's average pressure drop and hydrophobicity, you can further reduce your CO2 emissions. Contact your nearest local representative for a more accurate calculation.

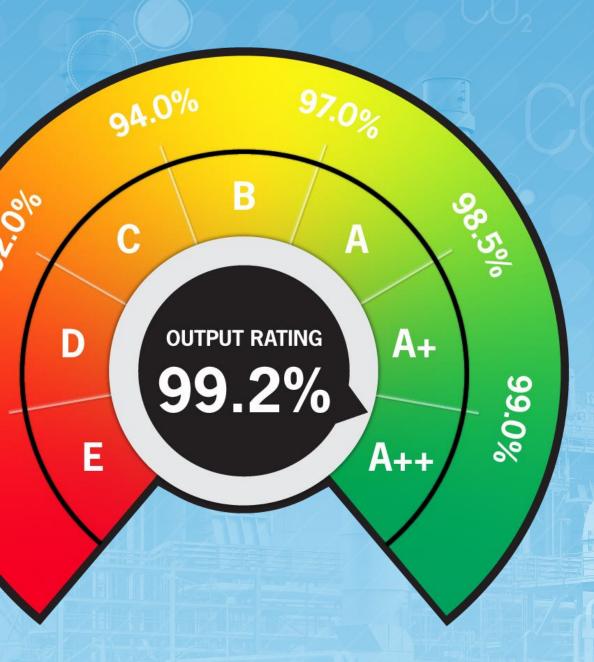


### CO<sub>2</sub> TAX CALCULATOR



◀◀ Make another calculation **RESULT** With an upgraded filter solution, you would be able to reduce your CO<sub>2</sub> tax bottom line by \$1 569 464 USD per year. To generate the same bottom line results, you would need to produce an additional 560 523 MWh in that fiscal year. CONTACT US TO KNOW MORE **CONTACT US** \* This calculator indicates how filtration has an impact on CO2 emissions based on a fixed amount of MWh produced per year. \* This comparison is based on upgrading your current filter class to a high grade EPA filter solution. Depending on a filter's average pressure drop and hydrophobicity, you can further reduce your CO2 emissions. Contact your nearest local representative for a more accurate calculation.





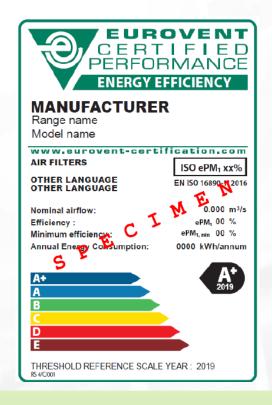
### THE VALUE RATING

The easiest way to select the best filters for your gas turbines

A new way to compare air filter performance

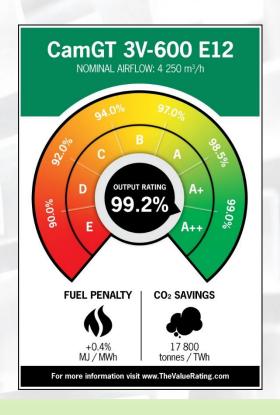
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### THE VALUE RATING CONCEPT EUROVENT / ENERGY RATINGS



### **EUROVENT RATING:**

- Specific for electric motors
  - Pressure drop only Energy consumption



### THE VALUE RATING:

- Specific to stationary gas powered turbines
  - Pressure drop AND efficiency Energy consumption



### The Value Rating

When determining the true performance of your filters, you need to look deeper than just the efficiency rating

More comprehensive rating: Combine efficiency with both dP and DHC from your ISO 29461-1 report to translate filter data to engine performance

The Value Rating has been updated to work in harmony with ISO 29461-1



## THE VALUE RATING 3 KEY OUTPUTS

### **POWER OUTPUT**



### **FUEL EFFICIENCY**



### SUSTAINABILITY





### FILTER COMPARISON EXAMPLE

**SUMMARY** 

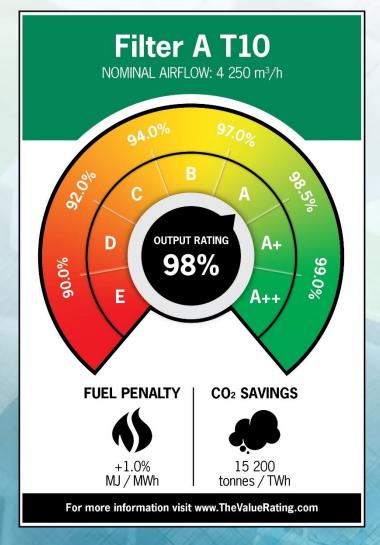


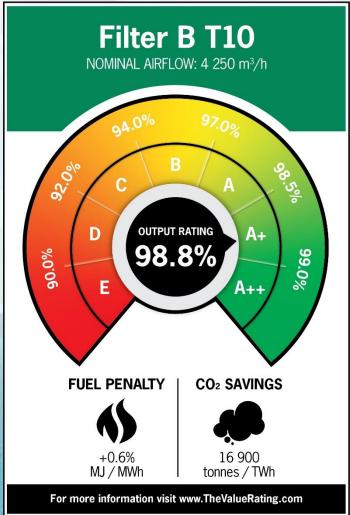


		CamGT 3V-600 T12	Typical T8	Impact
4	OUTPUT RATING	99.2 %	92.2 %	+7%
45	FUEL PENALTY MJ / MWh	0.4 %	3.8 %	-3.4%
	CO <sub>2</sub> SAVINGS tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> / TWh	17 800	3 800	-14 000 tonnes / TWh



### Filter a versus filter b which filter is better?



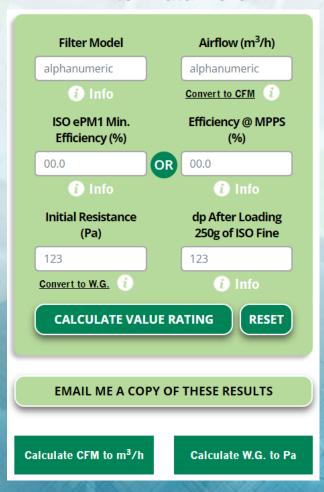




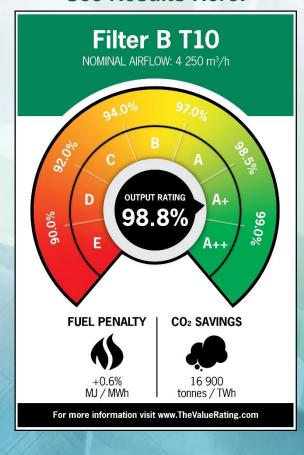
### THE VALUE RATING CALCULATOR

Compare any filter for an easy selection at www.TheValueRating.com

#### **Enter Data Here:**



#### See Results Here:





## FILTER SELECTION FURTHER CONSIDERATIONS

The Value Rating helps you quickly calculate the impact of filter efficiency and pressure drop over time on your gas turbine performance. Further considerations should be included when performing a primary filter selection, such as:

- Optimal filter service life should be evaluated through <u>LCC Power</u>
- Filter strength, often measured by the wet burst pressure
- Salt penetration and hot corrosion protection
- Hydrophobic performance, typically measuring dP rise and water penetration during a wet spray test
- For self cleaning filters, filter cleanability



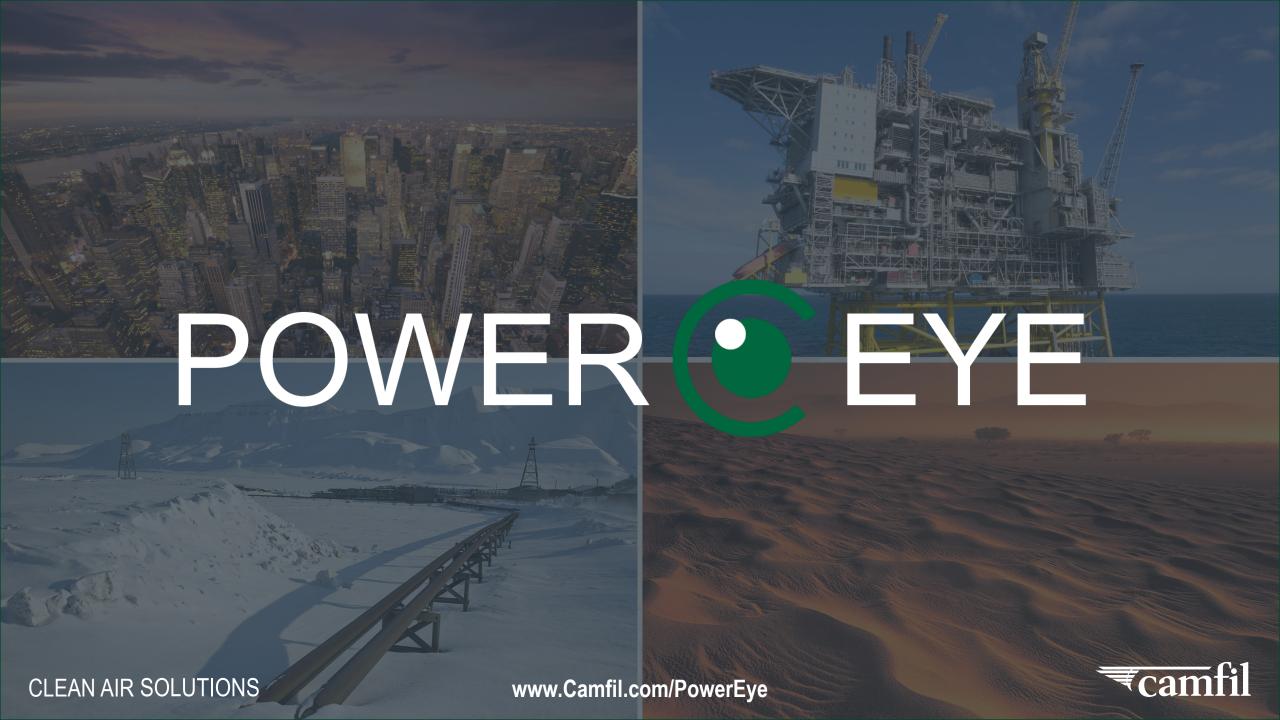


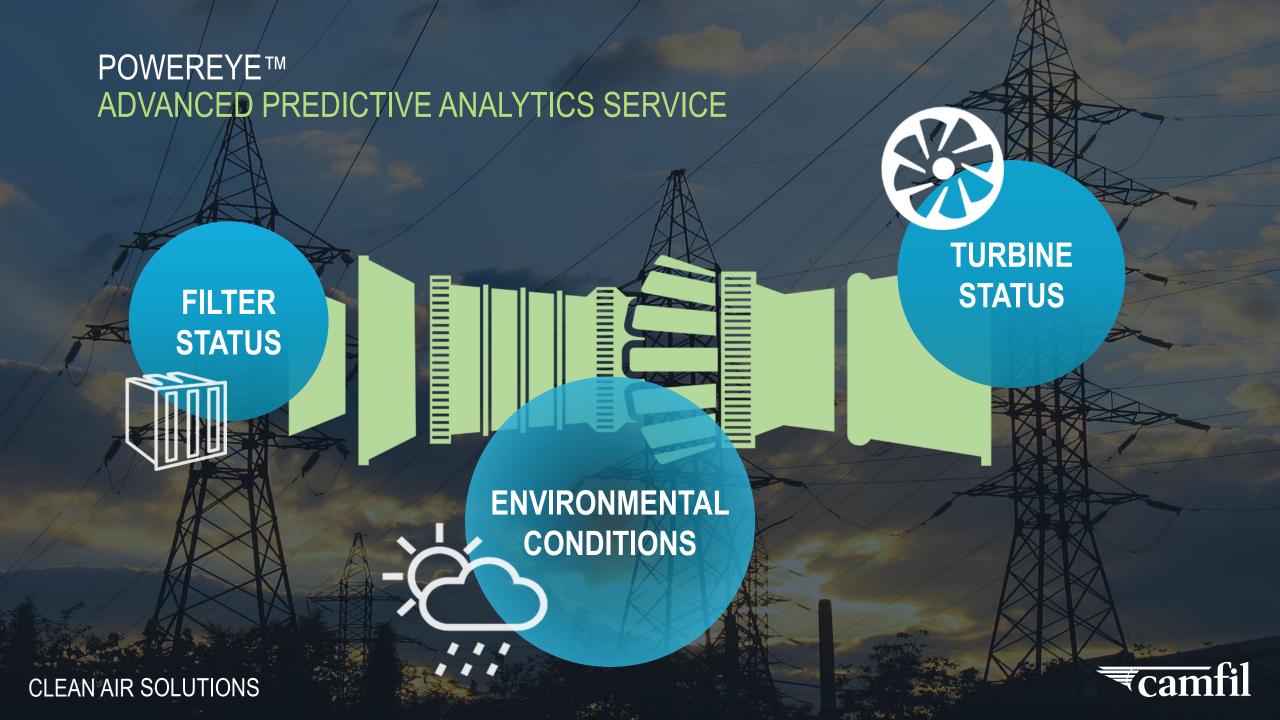
### TOTAL COST OF OWNERSHIP



- Capital investment: [CAPEX]
  - Cost of filter housing
  - Installation of housing
- Direct filter costs: [OPEX]
  - Cost of replacement filter elements
  - Transportation to site, installation and disposal
  - Downtime for filter replacement
- Indirect filter costs: [OPEX]
  - Output lost due to pressure drop
- Fouling and thermal corrosion cost: [OPEX]
  - Reduced power output
  - Increased heat rate/fuel consumption
  - Water wash consumable cost and downtime
  - Increased CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per MWh produced







### **POWEREYE**<sup>TM</sup>

Ambient condition monitoring

Filter life prediction

Filter change-out optimization (patented)

Filter performance validation

Filtration optimization

Capacity forecasting

Water wash optimization



### **QUESTIONS?**



Marc Van den Eynde

Vice President– Power Systems

>30 years' experience in air filtration for turbomachinery applications

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# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

www.camfil.com



