

### **Hydrogen Working Group**



# Objectives of the ETN Hydrogen Working Group

Enable and optimise the use of hydrogen in gas turbines by:

- Highlighting potential use, applications and benefits
- Pave the way for funding opportunities by highlighting the research needs on gas turbines to burn hydrogen, in order to contribute to the deployment of those gases in future energy systems.
- Address operational issues/effects on gas turbines components related to the use of hydrogen.
- Explore market opportunities and retrofit solutions for existing and future gas turbines fleets operating with renewable gases (containing hydrogen).
- Assess and address operational safety aspects of hydrogen in gas turbines plants (and pipelines).
- To foster the use of hydrogen and hydrogen carriers (such as ammonia) as complementary energy vectors to decarbonise the energy systems.



## Research Needs (1/2)

#### Hydrogen Combustion

- The combustion of hydrogen without dilution and with low emissions is still on an early development stage.
  - High burner inlet temperatures increase the risk for flash back in the premixing zone compared to natural gas.
  - The high reactivity of hydrogen inherently increases the auto ignition risk in the premixing section which needs to be addressed in future combustor development
  - The targeted high TITs do not allow for higher air to fuel ratios which would help to reduce the reactivity of H2 flames
  - Hydrogen flames exhibit a different thermo acoustic behaviour and therefore require different measures to avoid high pressure pulsations
- In the transition to a hydrogen based energy system fuel flexible gas turbines are needed to utilise blends of hydrogen and other gaseous fuels e.g. natural gas



## Research Needs (2/2)

#### Retrofit of existing gas turbines

- While new gas turbines will be developed to be operated with higher hydrogen concentrations, the hydrogen capability of existing combustion systems has to be evaluated. As small changes to the combustion system can increase the risk of flash back and flame anchoring inside the burner, each gas turbine has to be rated separately.
- Strategies to test and evaluate the maximum possible hydrogen content in the fuel for existing gas turbines have to be developed
- Cost effective retrofit solutions have to be developed to allow for a fast transit to a technology capable of higher hydrogen fuel contents and to fulfil customer's needs
- Safety related topics of the overall system have to be investigated



## Objectives of ETN regarding ammonia

- We need to know the key enablers for the introduction of ammonia in gas turbines, searching for novel implementation opportunities
- Topics that require consideration for the progression of the technology are the understanding and development/improvement of:
  - Impacts of hot ammonia/alkaline-acid streams to materials and lubricant/oils
  - Compressor, turbines and pumps performance under new cycle, industrial conditions
  - Fundamental combustion issues: radicals formation/control, stability, NOx, designs