

ISO 29461 Draft: Air intake filter systems for rotary machinery -
Part 5: Test methods for static filter systems in marine and
offshore environments

Measurements

European Turbine Network
Air Filtration Working Group

Prepared by

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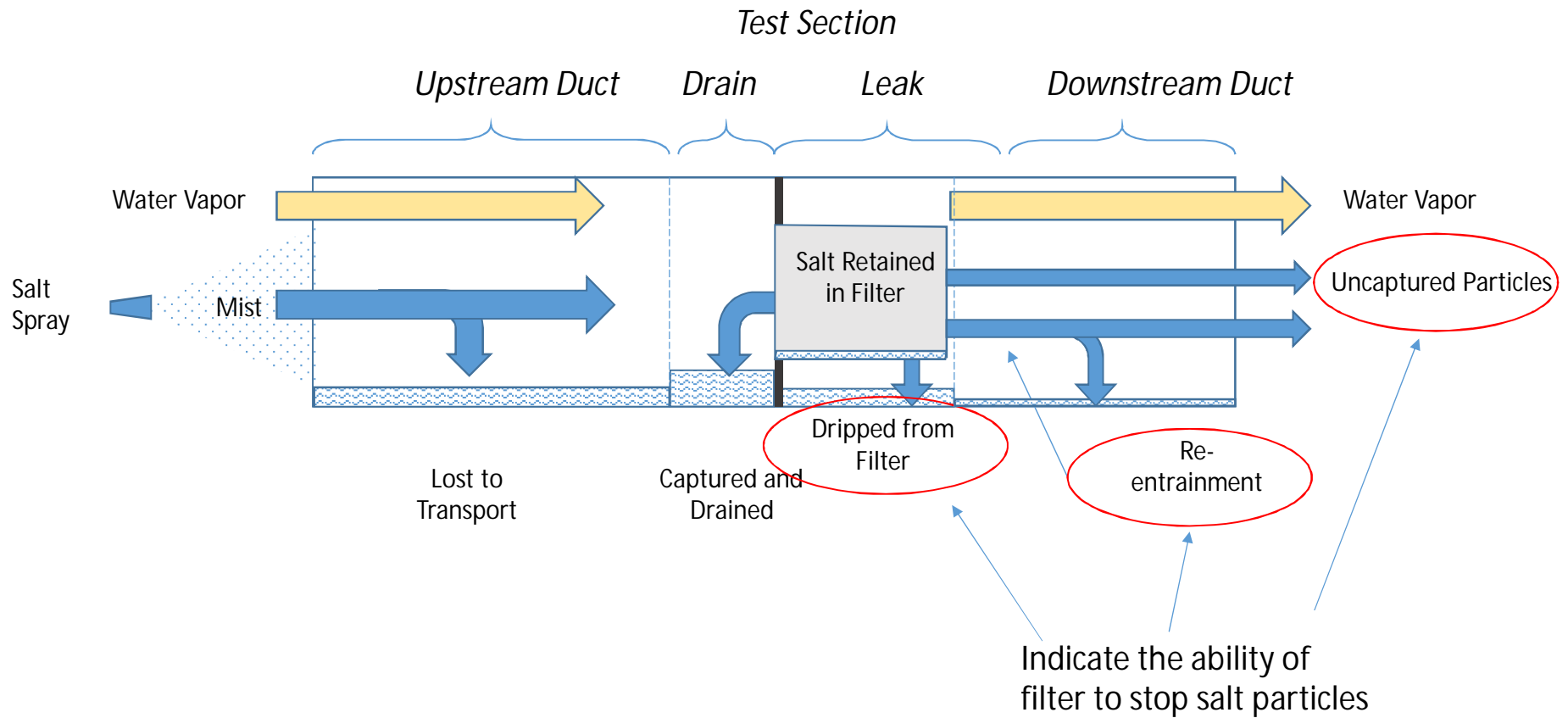
Purpose of Meeting

- Define
 - Scope
 - Identify options for measuring salts
 - Timeline and Deliverables
 - Stakeholders
 - Members of team

Filter Performance Measures

- Salt Retention (scope)
 - Amt of salt distributed in upstream/downstream test duct and filter
 - Amt of salt captured by the filter
 - Amt of salt passed thru the filter
 - Size of salt particles
- Pressure Drop
 - Pressure drop of filter during wet/dry cycles
- Filtration Efficiency
 - Filter collection efficiency when dry/wet

Salt Retention Test



Distribution of Salt

- Upstream duct prior to reaching filter
- Drain section: water captured by filter and drained upstream
- Leak section: water leaked thru seal, filter media, potting, etc
- Downstream duct: re-entrained liquid particles
- Downstream duct: small droplets not captured by filter

How to quantify liquid salt particles in air?

- Sampling
- Conditioning
- Real-time test readings
 - Sodium flame photometer
 - Particle counters
 - Electrical Low Pressure Impactor
- Non-realtime test methods
 - Liquid impinger, impactor, SEM

Research Topic

Determining Salt Concentration

- Liquid
 - Titration with silver nitrate
 - Liquid ion chromatography (LC)
 - Sodium flame photometer
 - ICP-OES/ICP-MS
 - Conductivity
 - ?
- Aerosol
 - Sodium flame photometer
 - ?

Deliverables & Timeline

Complete By

- Phase I: survey available technology to measure salt
 - Water
 - Air
- Phase II: Present findings to stakeholders. Select technology to evaluate
- Phase III: Complete research and meet with core group during next ETN meeting on proposal